US HISTORY

CHAPTER 21 READING

**Directions: Use pages 451 – 475 in order to complete the following.**

**Pages 451 – 460:**

1. What did Lincoln hope to accomplish by capturing Richmond quickly?

2. Why was victory at Bull Run a bad thing for the South (Confederacy)?

3. How did General McClellan feel about Lincoln?

4. How would things have been different if the war had ended in mid-1862?

5. What were two pieces of the total war plan?

6. Why didn’t Britain stop the Union’s blockade of the South?

7. What was the future significance of the fight between the *Merrimack* and the *Monitor*?

8. What didn’t Britain and France do as a result of the battle at Antietam?

9. What did the battle of Antietam allow Lincoln to do?

10. Where were slaves freed by the Emancipation Proclamation? Where weren’t they freed?

**Pages 460 – 468:**

11. How many Black Americans enlisted to fight in the Civil War? Where were they mostly from?

12. When did the South (Confederacy) allow slaves to fight?

13. How did most enslaved people revolt when they learned of the Emancipation Proclamation?

14. Why was Pickett’s Charge known as the “high tide of the Confederacy?”

15. How was Lincoln’s speech at Gettysburg received?

16. Why was Vicksburg important to the Confederacy?

17. Why did General Sherman and his men do so much damage in Georgia?

18. Who were the Copperheads? How did they cause problems for Lincoln?

**Pages 468 – 475:**

19. Who was Lincoln’s running mate in 1864? Why?

20. Who did the Democrats nominate?

21. What two battlefield events helped Lincoln win reelection?

22. What three states did Lincoln lose in the election of 1864?

23. Why did Grant earn the nickname “the butcher?”

24. Where was Lee’s army finally cornered and forced to surrender?

25. Who assassinated Lincoln?

26. Why was Lincoln’s assassination a bad thing for the South?

27. What constitutional issues were laid to rest by the Civil War?

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